

MACKENZIE MAXIMUM DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by Mackenzie Financial Corporation, as Manager of Mackenzie Maximum Diversification Developed Europe Index ETF (the "ETF"). The Manager is responsible for the integrity, objectivity and reliability of the data presented. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and making judgments and estimates consistent with IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for the development of internal controls over the financial reporting process, which are designed to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Mackenzie Financial Corporation is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and overseeing the Manager's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Board meets regularly with the Manager, internal auditors and external auditors to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues.

KPMG LLP is the external auditor of the ETF. It is appointed by the Board. The external auditor has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable it to express to the unitholders its opinion on the financial statements. Its report is set out below.

On behalf of Mackenzie Financial Corporation,
Manager of the ETF



Luke Gould
President and Chief Executive Officer



Terry Rountes
Chief Financial Officer, Funds

June 4, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of Mackenzie Maximum Diversification Developed Europe Index ETF (the "ETF")

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the ETF, which comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023
- the statements of comprehensive income for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- the statements of changes in financial position for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- the statements of cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 and
- notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the ETF as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, and its financial performance and cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the ETF in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



MACKENZIE
Investments

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (cont'd)

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

– the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the ETF or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the ETF.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the ETF to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants
The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this auditor's report is Jacob Smolack.
Toronto, Canada
June 4, 2024

MACKENZIE MAXIMUM DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF

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STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Investments at fair value	6,598	10,687
Cash and cash equivalents	36	53
Dividends receivable	98	113
Accounts receivable for investments sold	–	–
Accounts receivable for units issued	–	–
Total assets	6,732	10,853
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable for investments purchased	–	–
Accounts payable for units redeemed	–	–
Due to manager	14	19
Total liabilities	14	19
Net assets attributable to unitholders	6,718	10,834

	Net assets attributable to unitholders (note 3)			
	per unit		per series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
CAD Units	22.39	21.67	6,718	10,834

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Income		
Dividends	277	354
Interest income for distribution purposes	3	1
Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets		
Net realized gain (loss)	172	(1,061)
Net unrealized gain (loss)	(5)	801
Securities lending income	2	7
Other	4	2
Total income (loss)	453	104
Expenses (note 6)		
Management fees	41	63
Management fee rebates	(3)	(11)
Interest charges	1	–
Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs	24	36
Independent Review Committee fees	–	–
Expenses before amounts absorbed by Manager	63	88
Expenses absorbed by Manager	6	9
Net expenses	57	79
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations before tax	396	25
Foreign withholding tax expense (recovery)	(3)	28
Foreign income tax expense (recovery)	–	–
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations	399	(3)

	Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations (note 3)			
	per unit		per series	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
CAD Units	1.17	(0.01)	399	(3)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MACKENZIE MAXIMUM DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF

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STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	CAD Units	
	2024	2023
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		
Beginning of period	10,834	13,099
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	399	(3)
Distributions paid to unitholders:		
Investment income	(247)	(236)
Capital gains	(8)	–
Management fee rebates	(3)	(11)
Total distributions paid to unitholders	(258)	(247)
Unit transactions:		
Proceeds from units issued	–	–
Reinvested distributions	8	–
Payments on redemption of units	(4,265)	(2,015)
Total unit transactions	(4,257)	(2,015)
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	(4,116)	(2,265)
End of period	6,718	10,834
Increase (decrease) in units (in thousands) (note 7):	Units	
Units outstanding – beginning of period	500	600
Issued	–	–
Reinvested distributions	–	–
Redeemed	(200)	(100)
Units outstanding – end of period	300	500

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MACKENZIE MAXIMUM DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF

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STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations	399	(3)
Adjustments for:		
Net realized loss (gain) on investments	(173)	1,059
Change in net unrealized loss (gain) on investments	5	(801)
Purchase of investments	(2,119)	(6,696)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments	6,376	8,669
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable and other assets	15	(2)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	(5)	(15)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	4,498	2,211
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from units issued	–	–
Payments on redemption of units	(4,265)	(2,015)
Distributions paid net of reinvestments	(250)	(247)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(4,515)	(2,262)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(17)	(51)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	53	103
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	–	1
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	36	53
Cash	36	53
Cash equivalents	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	36	53
Supplementary disclosures on cash flow from operating activities:		
Dividends received	292	352
Foreign taxes paid (recovered)	(3)	28
Interest received	3	1
Interest paid	1	–

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES					
3i Group PLC	United Kingdom	Financials	209	6	10
A.P. Moller - Maersk AS Class A	Denmark	Industrials	11	21	19
A.P. Moller - Maersk AS Class B	Denmark	Industrials	14	26	25
ABN AMRO Group NV	Netherlands	Financials	378	6	9
Adecco Group SA	Switzerland	Industrials	74	4	4
Admiral Group PLC	United Kingdom	Financials	1,543	57	75
Adyen NV	Netherlands	Financials	13	19	30
Aena SA	Spain	Industrials	30	6	8
AerCap Holdings NV	Ireland	Industrials	773	60	91
Aéroports de Paris	France	Industrials	225	41	42
Ageas	Belgium	Financials	74	5	5
AIB Group PLC	Ireland	Financials	6,548	37	45
Aixtron SE	Germany	Information Technology	991	42	35
Alcon Inc.	Switzerland	Health Care	218	21	24
Allianz SE Reg.	Germany	Financials	3	1	1
Alstom SA	France	Industrials	534	9	11
Amadeus IT Group SA	Spain	Consumer Discretionary	191	15	17
Amplifon SPA	Italy	Health Care	54	2	3
Andritz AG	Austria	Industrials	31	2	3
Anheuser-Busch InBev NV	Belgium	Consumer Staples	426	33	35
Antofagasta PLC	Chile	Materials	151	4	5
Arcadis NV	Netherlands	Industrials	20	1	2
Argenx SE	Netherlands	Health Care	184	92	98
Ascendis Pharma AS ADR	Denmark	Health Care	470	86	96
ASM International NV	Netherlands	Information Technology	35	19	29
ASML Holding NV	Netherlands	Information Technology	22	22	29
ASR Nederland NV	Netherlands	Financials	90	5	6
Assicurazioni Generali SPA	Italy	Financials	455	11	16
AstraZeneca PLC	United Kingdom	Health Care	562	81	102
Auto Trader Group PLC	United Kingdom	Communication Services	391	4	5
AXA SA	France	Financials	229	7	12
B&M European Value Retail SA	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	420	4	4
Baloise Holding AG	Switzerland	Financials	20	4	4
Banco BPM SPA	Italy	Financials	632	3	6
Banco De Sabadell SA	Spain	Financials	45,421	43	97
Banco Santander SA	Spain	Financials	4,227	18	28
Bank of Ireland Group PLC	Ireland	Financials	7,389	62	102
Bankinter SA	Spain	Financials	5,596	42	55
Banque Cantonale Vaudoise	Switzerland	Financials	247	40	39
Barclays PLC	United Kingdom	Financials	6,630	17	21
Barry Callebaut AG	Switzerland	Consumer Staples	2	5	4
BAWAG Group AG	Austria	Financials	36	2	3
Bayer AG	Germany	Health Care	415	29	17
Bayerische Motoren Werke (BMW) AG Pfd.	Germany	Consumer Discretionary	26	3	4
BE Semiconductor Industries NV	Netherlands	Information Technology	96	17	20
Beazley PLC	United Kingdom	Financials	2,809	22	32
Bechtle AG	Germany	Information Technology	36	2	3
Beiersdorf AG	Germany	Consumer Staples	111	19	22
Belimo Holding AG	Switzerland	Industrials	3	2	2
BioMerieux SA	France	Health Care	158	26	24
BNP Paribas SA	France	Financials	338	23	33
Bouygues SA	France	Industrials	121	5	7
BPER Banca SpA	Italy	Financials	553	2	4
Brunello Cucinelli SPA	Italy	Consumer Discretionary	15	2	2
BT Group PLC	United Kingdom	Communication Services	25,880	67	49
Bunzl PLC	United Kingdom	Industrials	148	8	8
Burberry Group PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	156	4	3
Bureau Veritas SA	France	Industrials	128	5	5
CaixaBank SA	Spain	Financials	5,982	29	39
Capgemini SE	France	Information Technology	71	18	22
Carl Zeiss Meditec AG	Germany	Health Care	16	3	3
Carlsberg AS B	Denmark	Consumer Staples	42	7	8
Carrefour SA	France	Consumer Staples	243	6	6

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
Cellnex Telecom SAU	Spain	Communication Services	224	12	11
Coca-Cola European Partners PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	359	33	34
Coca-Cola HBC AG-DI	Switzerland	Consumer Staples	88	3	4
Coloplast AS	Denmark	Health Care	232	43	42
Commerzbank AG	Germany	Financials	440	5	8
Compagnie Financière Richemont SA	Switzerland	Consumer Discretionary	205	34	42
Compass Group PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	812	25	32
ConvaTec Group PLC	United Kingdom	Health Care	722	2	4
Croda International PLC	United Kingdom	Materials	40	4	3
CTS Eventim AG & Co. KGaA	Germany	Communication Services	24	2	3
Danone SA	France	Consumer Staples	283	22	25
Danske Bank AS	Denmark	Financials	841	24	34
Dassault Systemes SA	France	Information Technology	297	16	18
Davide Campari Milano SPA	Italy	Consumer Staples	264	4	4
Delivery Hero AG	Germany	Consumer Discretionary	51	2	2
Demant AS	Denmark	Health Care	40	2	3
Deutsche Bank AG Reg.	Germany	Financials	817	13	17
Deutsche Boerse AG	Germany	Financials	118	26	33
Deutsche Lufthansa AG Reg.	Germany	Industrials	195	2	2
Deutsche Telekom AG	Germany	Communication Services	1,417	45	47
Diageo PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	976	53	49
DNB Bank ASA	Norway	Financials	383	9	10
Dr Ing hc F Porsche AG	Germany	Consumer Discretionary	33	4	4
DSV Panalpina AS	Denmark	Industrials	73	15	16
easyJet PLC	United Kingdom	Industrials	82	1	1
Edenred	France	Financials	567	43	41
EDP Renovaveis SA	Spain	Utilities	1,606	47	29
Elia System Operator SA/NV	Belgium	Utilities	100	17	15
Elisa OYJ	Finland	Communication Services	1,290	95	78
Entain PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	279	6	4
Erste Group Bank AG	Austria	Financials	150	6	9
EssilorLuxottica	France	Health Care	56	13	17
Essity Aktiebolag Class B	Sweden	Consumer Staples	263	10	8
Euronext NV	Netherlands	Financials	350	38	45
Evolution Gaming Group AB	Sweden	Consumer Discretionary	6	1	1
Evraz PLC	United Kingdom	Materials	439	5	–
Experian PLC	United Kingdom	Industrials	401	18	24
Ferrari NV	Italy	Consumer Discretionary	45	15	27
FinecoBank Banca Fineco SpA	Italy	Financials	267	5	5
Flughafen Zuerich AG	Switzerland	Industrials	8	2	2
Flutter Entertainment PLC	Ireland	Consumer Discretionary	74	18	20
Fresenius Medical Care AG & Co.	Germany	Health Care	170	9	9
Fresenius SE & Co. KGaA	Germany	Health Care	104	6	4
Galenica AG	Switzerland	Health Care	436	41	49
Games Workshop Group PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	14	2	2
Gecina SA	France	Real Estate	16	2	2
Genmab AS	Denmark	Health Care	71	33	29
Gerresheimer AG	Germany	Health Care	20	3	3
Getinge AB	Sweden	Health Care	86	3	2
Getlink SE	France	Industrials	913	21	21
Givaudan SA	Switzerland	Materials	4	21	24
Gjensidige Forsikring ASA	Norway	Financials	917	21	18
GlaxoSmithKline PLC	United Kingdom	Health Care	3,254	95	95
GN Store Nord AS (GN Great Nordic)	Denmark	Consumer Discretionary	81	3	3
Grifols SA	Spain	Health Care	2,742	71	33
Haleon PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	5,262	29	30
Hannover Rueckversicherung SE Reg.	Germany	Financials	26	5	10
Hargreaves Lansdown PLC	United Kingdom	Financials	154	2	2
Heineken Holding NV A	Netherlands	Consumer Staples	49	5	5
Heineken NV	Netherlands	Consumer Staples	112	15	15
Helvetia Holding AG	Switzerland	Financials	15	2	3
Henkel AG & Co. KGaA Pfd.	Germany	Consumer Staples	77	6	8
Henkel AG & Co. KGaA	Germany	Consumer Staples	44	3	4

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
Hermes International	France	Consumer Discretionary	14	21	48
Hikma Pharmaceuticals PLC	United Kingdom	Health Care	61	2	2
Hiscox Ltd.	United Kingdom	Financials	150	2	3
Holmen AB Class B Shares	Sweden	Materials	40	2	2
HSBC Holdings PLC	United Kingdom	Financials	8,332	63	88
Hugo Boss AG	Germany	Consumer Discretionary	25	2	2
Huhtamaki Oyj	Finland	Materials	41	2	2
IG Group Holdings PLC	United Kingdom	Financials	158	2	2
Industria de Diseno Textil SA (Inditex)	Spain	Consumer Discretionary	484	17	33
Informa PLC	United Kingdom	Communication Services	597	7	8
Infrastrutture Wireless Italiane SPA	Italy	Communication Services	152	2	2
ING Groep NV	Netherlands	Financials	1,529	21	34
InPost SA	Poland	Industrials	656	14	14
Intertek Group PLC	United Kingdom	Industrials	70	7	6
Ipsen SA	France	Health Care	306	36	49
ISS AS	Denmark	Industrials	67	2	2
JD Sports Fashion PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	1,089	2	3
Jeronimo Martins SGPS SA	Portugal	Consumer Staples	1,042	32	28
Johnson Matthey PLC	United Kingdom	Materials	80	2	2
Julius Baer Group Ltd.	Switzerland	Financials	89	8	7
Jyske Bank AS	Denmark	Financials	18	2	2
KBC Groep NV	Belgium	Financials	121	10	12
Kerry Group PLC A	Ireland	Consumer Staples	67	9	8
Kesko OYJ Class B	Finland	Consumer Staples	105	3	3
Klepierre	France	Real Estate	97	3	3
Knorr-Bremse AG	Germany	Industrials	29	4	3
Kone OYJ B	Finland	Industrials	153	10	10
Koninklijke (Royal) KPN NV	Netherlands	Communication Services	19,516	84	99
Koninklijke Ahold Delhaize NV	Netherlands	Consumer Staples	2,379	86	96
Koninklijke Philips NV	Netherlands	Health Care	334	14	9
Kuehne + Nagel International AG	Switzerland	Industrials	32	10	12
La Francaise des Jeux SAEM	France	Consumer Discretionary	44	3	2
Land Securities Group PLC	United Kingdom	Real Estate	135	1	2
LEG Immobilien GmbH	Germany	Real Estate	18	2	2
Legrand SA	France	Industrials	113	15	16
Lindt & Sprungli AG-PC	Switzerland	Consumer Staples	1	14	16
Lloyds Banking Group PLC	United Kingdom	Financials	8,521	6	8
Logitech International SA Reg.	Switzerland	Information Technology	212	24	26
London Stock Exchange Group PLC	United Kingdom	Financials	617	79	100
Lonza Group AG	Switzerland	Health Care	32	26	26
L'Oréal SA	France	Consumer Staples	105	55	67
Lotus Bakeries NV	Belgium	Consumer Staples	3	38	39
LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton SE	France	Consumer Discretionary	1	1	1
Marks & Spencer Group PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	862	2	4
Mediobanca SPA	Italy	Financials	263	5	5
Merck KGaA	Germany	Health Care	56	11	13
Moncler SPA	Italy	Consumer Discretionary	86	8	9
Mowi ASA	Norway	Consumer Staples	2,667	74	66
MTU Aero Engines AG	Germany	Industrials	25	7	9
Muenchener Rueckversicherungs - Gesellschaft AG (MunichRe)	Germany	Financials	60	19	40
Nemetschek SE	Germany	Information Technology	26	2	3
Nestlé SA Reg.	Switzerland	Consumer Staples	685	99	99
Nexi SpA	Italy	Financials	273	4	2
NKT Holding AS	Denmark	Industrials	23	3	3
NMC Health PLC	United Arab Emirates	Health Care	144	7	-
NN Group NV	Netherlands	Financials	123	7	8
Nokia OYJ	Finland	Information Technology	2,217	12	11
Nordea Bank ABP (EUR Shares)	Finland	Financials	1,430	19	22
Novartis AG Reg.	Switzerland	Health Care	704	80	92
Novo Nordisk AS B	Denmark	Health Care	579	26	100
Novonosis B	Denmark	Materials	177	14	14
Ocado Group PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	4,721	78	37
Orange SA	France	Communication Services	6,254	95	100

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
Orion OYJ	Finland	Health Care	891	49	45
Orkla ASA	Norway	Consumer Staples	1,238	13	12
Pandora AS	Denmark	Consumer Discretionary	36	4	8
Pearson PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	5,585	70	99
¹ Pernod Ricard SA	France	Consumer Staples	87	21	19
Pluxee France SA	France	Industrials	99	4	4
Porsche Automobil Holding SE Pfd.	Germany	Consumer Discretionary	67	5	5
Prosus NV	Netherlands	Consumer Discretionary	1,218	56	52
PSP Swiss Property AG Reg.	Switzerland	Real Estate	367	55	65
Publicis Groupe SA	France	Communication Services	100	11	15
Puma AG Rudolf Dassler Sport	Germany	Consumer Discretionary	75	5	5
Rational AG	Germany	Industrials	4	4	5
Reckitt Benckiser Group PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	728	75	56
Recordati SPA	Italy	Health Care	42	3	3
Red Electrica Corporacion SA	Spain	Utilities	2,644	62	61
RELX PLC	United Kingdom	Industrials	822	28	48
Renault SA	France	Consumer Discretionary	17	1	1
Rentokil Initial PLC	United Kingdom	Industrials	1,101	9	9
Rightmove PLC	United Kingdom	Communication Services	196	2	2
Roche Holding AG Genussscheine	Switzerland	Health Care	259	106	89
Roche Holding AG	Switzerland	Health Care	13	6	5
Royal Unibrew AS	Denmark	Consumer Staples	22	3	2
Ryanair Holdings PLC ADR	Ireland	Industrials	63	12	12
Saab AB Class B	Sweden	Industrials	710	35	86
The Sage Group PLC	United Kingdom	Information Technology	470	5	10
Salmar ASA	Norway	Consumer Staples	307	27	27
Sampo OYJ A	Finland	Financials	178	10	10
Sanofi	United States	Health Care	758	96	101
SAP AG	Germany	Information Technology	322	61	85
Sartorius AG Pfd.	Germany	Health Care	12	8	6
Sartorius Stedim Biotech SA	France	Health Care	13	6	5
Schindler Holding AG PC	Switzerland	Industrials	18	5	6
Schindler Holding AG	Switzerland	Industrials	9	3	3
SCOR SE	France	Financials	223	6	10
Scout24 AG	Germany	Communication Services	31	2	3
SEB SA	France	Consumer Discretionary	13	2	2
Securitas AB B	Sweden	Industrials	209	3	3
Segro PLC	United Kingdom	Real Estate	199	3	3
Severn Trent PLC	United Kingdom	Utilities	1,059	47	45
Siemens Healthineers AG	Germany	Health Care	118	7	10
SIG Combibloc Group AG	Switzerland	Materials	1,489	45	45
Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (SEB) A	Sweden	Financials	627	10	12
Smith & Nephew PLC	United Kingdom	Health Care	382	7	6
Société Générale	France	Financials	340	11	12
Sodexo SA	France	Consumer Discretionary	36	5	4
SOITEC	France	Information Technology	11	2	2
Sonova Holding AG	Switzerland	Health Care	22	8	9
Spie SA	France	Industrials	51	3	3
STMicroelectronics NV	Switzerland	Information Technology	280	18	16
Stora Enso OYJ R	Finland	Materials	213	4	4
Storebrand ASA	Norway	Financials	187	2	2
Svenska Cellulosa AB (SCA) B	Sweden	Materials	254	5	5
Svenska Handelsbanken AB A	Sweden	Financials	640	8	9
The Swatch Group AG	Switzerland	Consumer Discretionary	12	4	4
Swedbank AB	Sweden	Financials	475	10	13
Swedish Orphan Biovitrum AB	Sweden	Health Care	404	13	14
Swiss Life Holding AG Reg.	Switzerland	Financials	12	9	11
Swiss Prime Site AG	Switzerland	Real Estate	497	58	64
Swiss Re Ltd.	Switzerland	Financials	126	14	22
Swisscom AG Reg.	Switzerland	Communication Services	126	91	103
Symrise AG	Germany	Materials	58	9	9
Talanx AG	Germany	Financials	26	2	3
Tecan Group AG	Switzerland	Health Care	70	34	39

MACKENZIE MAXIMUM DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF

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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

as at March 31, 2024

	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Fair Value (\$ 000)
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
Tele2 AB	Sweden	Communication Services	2,865	34	32
Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson B	Sweden	Information Technology	1,282	11	9
Telefonica SA	Spain	Communication Services	17,305	96	103
Telenor ASA	Norway	Communication Services	958	16	14
Teleperformance	France	Industrials	496	138	65
TeliaSonera AB	Sweden	Communication Services	16,598	54	58
Terna SPA	Italy	Utilities	614	5	7
Tryg AS	Denmark	Financials	375	11	10
UBS Group AG	Switzerland	Financials	572	13	24
UCB SA	Belgium	Health Care	609	64	102
UniCredit SPA	Italy	Financials	662	11	34
Unilever PLC (London Exchange)	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	1,178	81	80
Unipol Gruppo SPA	Italy	Financials	194	2	2
United Utilities Group PLC	United Kingdom	Utilities	1,004	17	18
Universal Music Group BV	Netherlands	Communication Services	320	10	13
UPM-Kymmene OYJ	Finland	Materials	231	11	10
VAT Group AG	Switzerland	Industrials	5	4	4
Vestas Wind Systems AS	Denmark	Industrials	764	25	29
Vivendi SA	France	Communication Services	272	5	4
Vodafone Group PLC	United Kingdom	Communication Services	50,595	78	61
Volkswagen AG Pfd.	Germany	Consumer Discretionary	10	2	2
Volkswagen AG	Germany	Consumer Discretionary	13	3	3
Vonovia SE	Germany	Real Estate	60	4	2
Whitbread PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary	81	5	5
Wise PLC	United Kingdom	Financials	551	7	9
Wolters Kluwer NV	Netherlands	Industrials	440	69	93
Zealand Pharma AS	Denmark	Health Care	464	64	62
Zurich Insurance Group AG	Switzerland	Financials	64	37	47
Total equities				5,918	6,598
Transaction costs				(12)	—
Total investments				5,906	6,598
Cash and cash equivalents					36
Other assets less liabilities					84
Net assets attributable to unitholders					6,718

¹ The issuer of this security is related to Mackenzie. See Note 1.

MACKENZIE MAXIMUM DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF

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SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

MARCH 31, 2024

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	98.2
Other assets (liabilities)	1.3
Cash and cash equivalents	0.5

REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
United Kingdom	19.0
Switzerland	15.4
France	12.2
Netherlands	10.3
Spain	7.7
Denmark	7.5
Germany	6.7
Ireland	4.5
Sweden	3.8
Belgium	3.1
Finland	2.9
Norway	2.2
Italy	1.9
Other assets (liabilities)	1.3
Other	0.6
Cash and cash equivalents	0.5
Portugal	0.4

SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Financials	21.9
Health care	21.5
Consumer staples	13.7
Communication services	12.0
Industrials	10.9
Consumer discretionary	6.9
Information technology	4.7
Utilities	2.6
Real estate	2.1
Materials	1.9
Other assets (liabilities)	1.3
Cash and cash equivalents	0.5

MARCH 31, 2023

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	98.6
Other assets (liabilities)	0.9
Cash and short-term investments	0.5

REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
United Kingdom	20.3
Switzerland	15.9
France	14.1
Netherlands	9.9
Spain	7.8
Denmark	6.8
Germany	5.2
Finland	3.4
Sweden	3.3
Ireland	3.2
Belgium	2.9
Italy	1.8
Other	1.5
Norway	1.3
Luxembourg	1.2
Other assets (liabilities)	0.9
Cash and short-term investments	0.5

SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Health care	26.5
Financials	21.2
Consumer staples	13.5
Industrials	9.1
Communication services	9.0
Consumer discretionary	6.9
Materials	4.0
Utilities	3.3
Information technology	2.6
Real estate	2.5
Other assets (liabilities)	0.9
Cash and short-term investments	0.5

MACKENZIE MAXIMUM DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Fiscal Periods and General Information

The information provided in these financial statements and notes thereto is for the periods ended or as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, as applicable. In the year an exchange-traded fund (“the ETF”) is established, ‘period’ represents the period from inception to the period end of that fiscal year. Refer to Note 11 for the formation date of the ETF.

The ETF is organized as an open-ended mutual fund trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Declaration of Trust as amended and restated from time to time. The address of the ETF’s registered office is 180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. The ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of units for sale under a Prospectus. The units of the ETF are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange/Cboe Canada (“the Exchange”).

Mackenzie Financial Corporation (“Mackenzie”) is the manager of the ETF and is wholly owned by IGM Financial Inc., a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. Canada Life Investment Management Ltd. (“CLIML”) is wholly owned by The Canada Life Assurance Company (“Canada Life”), a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. Investments in companies within the Power Group of companies held by the ETF are identified in the Schedule of Investments.

2. Basis of Preparation and Presentation

These audited annual financial statements (“financial statements”) have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards (“IFRS”). A summary of the ETF’s material accounting policies under IFRS is presented in Note 3.

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the ETF’s functional and presentation currency, and rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise indicated. These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of Mackenzie Financial Corporation on June 4, 2024.

3. Material Accounting Policies

The ETF adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statements 2 from April 1, 2023. Although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements. The amendments require the disclosure of ‘material’ rather than ‘significant’ accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies. The Manager reviewed the accounting policies and made updates to the information disclosed in certain instances in line with the amendments.

(a) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include financial assets and liabilities such as debt and equity securities, exchange-traded funds and derivatives. The ETF classifies and measures financial instruments in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* (“IFRS 9”). Upon initial recognition, financial instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). All financial instruments are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position when the ETF becomes a party to the contractual requirements of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the instrument has expired or the ETF has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires. Investment purchase and sale transactions are recorded as of the trade date.

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at FVTPL with changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The cost of investments is determined on a weighted average cost basis.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are calculated based on the weighted average cost of investments and exclude commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, which are separately reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the investments are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period in which they arise.

The ETF accounts for its holdings in unlisted open-ended investment funds, private funds (“Underlying Funds”) and Exchange-Traded Funds (“ETFs”), if any, at FVTPL. For private funds, the Manager will rely on the valuations provided by the managers of the private funds, which represents the ETF’s proportionate share of the net assets of these private funds. The ETF’s investment in Underlying Funds and ETFs, if any, is presented in the Schedule of Investments at fair value which represents the ETF’s maximum exposure on these investments.

The ETF’s redeemable units are held by different types of unitholders that are entitled to different redemption rights. Unitholders may redeem units of the ETF at a redemption price per unit equal to 95% of the closing price of the units on the Exchange on the effective day of the redemption, subject to a maximum redemption price of the applicable NAV per unit. These different redemption features create equally subordinate but not identical units of the ETF which therefore meet the criteria for classification as financial liabilities under IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The ETF’s obligation for net assets attributable to unitholders is presented at the redemption amount. Refer to Note 7 for details of subscriptions and redemptions of the ETF’s units.

IAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows*, requires disclosures related to changes in liabilities and assets, such as the units of the ETF, arising from financing activities. Changes in units of the ETF, including both changes from cash flows and non-cash changes, are included in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Any changes in the units not settled in cash as at the end of the period are presented as either Accounts receivable for units issued or Accounts payable for units redeemed in the Statement of Financial Position. These accounts receivable and accounts payable amounts typically settle shortly after period-end.

(b) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

MACKENZIE MAXIMUM DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF

ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2024

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(b) Fair value measurement (cont'd)

Investments listed on a public securities exchange or traded on an over-the-counter market are valued on the basis of the last traded market price or closing price recorded by the security exchange on which the security is principally traded, where this price falls within the quoted bid-ask spread for the investment. In circumstances where this price is not within the bid-ask spread, Mackenzie determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Mutual fund securities of an underlying fund are valued on a business day at the price calculated by the manager of such underlying fund in accordance with the constituting documents of such underlying fund. Unlisted or non-exchange traded investments, or investments where a last sale or close price is unavailable or investments for which market quotations are, in Mackenzie's opinion, inaccurate, unreliable, or not reflective of all available material information, are valued at their fair value as determined by Mackenzie using appropriate and accepted industry valuation techniques including valuation models. The fair value determined using valuation models requires the use of inputs and assumptions based on observable market data including volatility and other applicable rates or prices. In limited circumstances, the fair value may be determined using valuation techniques that are not supported by observable market data.

Cash and cash equivalents which includes cash on deposit with financial institutions and short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are used by the ETF in the management of short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value which closely approximates their amortized cost due to their nature of being highly liquid and having short terms to maturity. Bank overdraft positions are presented under current liabilities as bank indebtedness in the Statement of Financial Position.

The ETF may use derivatives (such as written options, futures, forward contracts, swaps or customized derivatives) to hedge against losses caused by changes in securities prices, interest rates or exchange rates. The ETF may also use derivatives for non-hedging purposes for non-hedging purposes in order to invest indirectly in securities or financial markets, to gain exposure to other currencies, to seek to generate additional income, and/or for any other purpose considered appropriate by the ETF's portfolio manager(s), provided that the use of the derivative is consistent with the ETF's investment objectives. Any use of derivatives will comply with Canadian mutual fund laws, subject to the regulatory exemptions granted to the ETF, as applicable.

Valuations of derivative instruments are carried out daily, using normal exchange reporting sources for exchange-traded derivatives and specific broker enquiry for over-the-counter derivatives.

The value of forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the valuation date, the positions were to be closed out. The change in value of forward contracts is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The daily fluctuation of futures contracts or swaps, along with daily cash settlements made by the ETF, where applicable, are equal to the change in unrealized gains or losses that are best determined at the settlement price. These unrealized gains or losses are recorded and reported as such until the ETF closes out the contract or the contract expires. Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts or swaps is reflected as a receivable in the Statement of Financial Position – Margin on derivatives. Any change in the variation margin requirement is settled daily.

Premiums paid for purchasing an option are recorded in the Statement of Financial Position – Investments at fair value.

Premiums received from writing options are included in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability and subsequently adjusted daily to fair value. If a written option expires unexercised, the premium received is recognized as a realized gain. If a written call option is exercised, the difference between the proceeds of the sale plus the value of the premium, and the cost of the security is recognized as a realized gain or loss. If a written put option is exercised, the cost of the security acquired is the exercise price of the option less the premium received.

Refer to the Schedule of Derivative Instruments and Schedule of Options Purchased/Written, as applicable, included in the Schedule of Investments for a listing of derivative and options positions as at March 31, 2024.

The ETF categorizes the fair value of its assets and liabilities into three categories, which are differentiated based on the observable nature of the inputs and extent of estimation required.

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. Examples of Level 2 valuations include quoted prices for similar securities, quoted prices on inactive markets and from recognized investment dealers, and the application of factors derived from observable data to non-North American quoted prices in order to estimate the impact of differences in market closing times.

Financial instruments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on the prices provided by an independent reputable pricing services company who prices the securities based on recent transactions and quotes received from market participants and through incorporating observable market data and using standard market convention practices. Short-term investments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on amortized cost plus accrued interest which closely approximates fair value.

The estimated fair values for these securities may be different from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investment existed; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The inputs are considered observable if they are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and that reflect the assumption that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

See Note 11 for the fair value classifications of the ETF.

(c) Income recognition

Interest income for distribution purposes represents the coupon interest received by the ETF which is accounted for on an accrual basis. The ETF does not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis. Dividends are accrued as of the ex-dividend date. Unrealized gains or losses on investments, realized gains or losses on the sale of investments, including foreign exchange gains or losses on such investments, are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. Distributions received from an underlying fund are included in interest income, dividend income or realized gains (losses) on sale of investments, as appropriate, on the ex-dividend or distribution date.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(d) Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire, issue or dispose of financial assets or liabilities. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, exchanges, brokers, dealers and other intermediaries. The total brokerage commissions incurred by the ETF in connection with portfolio transactions for the periods, together with other transaction charges, is disclosed in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Brokerage business is allocated to brokers based on the best net result for the ETF. Subject to this criteria, commissions may be paid to brokerage firms which provide (or pay for) certain services, other than order execution, which may include investment research, analysis and reports, and databases or software in support of these services. Where applicable and ascertainable, the value of these services generated during the periods is disclosed in Note 11. The value of certain proprietary services provided by brokers cannot be reasonably estimated.

Mackenzie may reimburse the ETF for certain commissions and other portfolio transaction costs. Mackenzie may make these reimbursements at its discretion and stop these reimbursements at any time without notice. Any such reimbursements are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – expenses absorbed by Manager.

(e) Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions

The ETF is permitted to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions as set out in the ETF's Prospectus. These transactions involve the temporary exchange of securities for collateral with a commitment to redeliver the same securities on a future date. Income is earned from these transactions in the form of fees paid by the counterparty and, in certain circumstances, interest paid on cash or securities held as collateral. Income earned from these transactions is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and recognized when earned. Securities lending transactions are administered by The Bank of New York Mellon (the "Securities Lending Agent"). The value of cash or securities held as collateral must be at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned, sold or purchased.

Note 11 summarizes the details of securities loaned and collateral received as at the end of period, as well as a reconciliation of securities lending income during the period, if applicable. Collateral received is comprised of debt obligations of the Government of Canada and other countries, Canadian provincial and municipal governments, and financial institutions.

(f) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In the normal course of business, the ETF enters into various master netting agreements or similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statement of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. Note 11 summarizes the details of such offsetting, if applicable, subject to master netting arrangements or other similar agreements and the net impact to the Statements of Financial Position if all such rights were exercised.

Income and expenses are not offset in the Statement of Comprehensive Income unless required or permitted to by an accounting standard, as specifically disclosed in the IFRS policies of the ETF.

(g) Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the ETF is Canadian dollars. Foreign currency purchases and sales of investments and foreign currency dividend and interest income and expenses are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) on purchases and sales of foreign currencies are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net realized gain (loss).

The fair value of investments and other assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies, are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on each business day.

(h) Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit

Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit is computed by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders on a business day by the total number of units outstanding on that day.

(i) Net asset value per unit

The daily Net Asset Value ("NAV") of an investment fund may be calculated without reference to IFRS as per the Canadian Securities Administrators' ("CSA") regulations. The difference between NAV and Net assets attributable to unitholders (as reported in the financial statements), if any, is mainly due to differences in fair value of investments and other financial assets and liabilities and is disclosed in Note 11.

(j) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations for the period, divided by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period.

(k) Future accounting changes

The ETF has determined there are no material implications to the ETF's financial statements arising from IFRS issued but not yet effective.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that primarily affect the valuation of investments. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates made in preparing the financial statements:

MACKENZIE MAXIMUM DIVERSIFICATION DEVELOPED EUROPE INDEX ETF

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments (cont'd)

Use of Estimates

Fair value of securities not quoted in an active market

The ETF may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets and are valued using valuation techniques that make use of observable data, to the extent practicable. Various valuation techniques are utilized, depending on a number of factors, including comparison with similar instruments for which observable market prices exist and recent arm's length market transactions. Key inputs and assumptions used are company specific and may include estimated discount rates and expected price volatilities. Changes in key inputs, could affect the reported fair value of these financial instruments held by the ETF.

Use of Judgments

Classification and measurement of investments

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the ETF, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments in order to determine the most appropriate classification in accordance with IFRS 9. Mackenzie has assessed the ETF's business model, the manner in which all financial instruments are managed and performance evaluated as a group on a fair value basis, and concluded that FVTPL in accordance with IFRS 9 provides the most appropriate measurement and presentation of the ETF's financial instruments.

Functional currency

The ETF's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar, which is the currency considered to best represent the economic effects of the ETF's underlying transactions, events and conditions taking into consideration the manner in which units are issued and redeemed and how returns and performance by the ETF are measured.

Interest in unconsolidated structured entities

In determining whether an Underlying Fund or an ETF in which the ETF invests, but that it does not consolidate, meets the definition of a structured entity, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments about whether these underlying funds have the typical characteristics of a structured entity. These Underlying Funds do meet the definition of a structured entity because:

- I. The voting rights in the Underlying Funds are not dominant factors in deciding who controls them;
- II. the activities of the Underlying Funds are restricted by their offering documents; and
- III. the Underlying Funds have narrow and well-defined investment objectives to provide investment opportunities for investors while passing on the associated risks and rewards.

As a result, such investments are accounted for at FVTPL. Note 11 summarizes the details of the ETF's interest in these Underlying Funds, if applicable.

5. Income Taxes

The ETF qualifies as a mutual fund trust under the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is subject to tax on its income including net realized capital gains in the taxation year, which is not paid or payable to its unitholders as at the end of the taxation year. The ETF maintains a December year-end for tax purposes. The ETF may be subject to withholding taxes on foreign income. In general, the ETF treats withholding tax as a charge against income for tax purposes. The ETF will distribute sufficient amounts from net income for tax purposes, as required, so that the ETF will not pay income taxes other than refundable tax on capital gains, if applicable.

Losses of the ETF cannot be allocated to investors and are retained in the ETF for use in future years. Non-capital losses may be carried forward up to 20 years to reduce taxable income and realized capital gains of future years. Capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely to reduce future realized capital gains. Refer to Note 11 for the ETF's loss carryforwards.

6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Mackenzie is paid a management fee for managing the investment portfolio, providing investment analysis and recommendations, making investment decisions and making brokerage arrangements relating to the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio. The management fee is calculated as a fixed annual percentage of the daily net asset value of the units of the ETF.

In addition to the applicable management fee, the operating expenses payable by the ETF include interest and borrowing costs, brokerage expenses and related transaction fees, fees and expenses relating to the operation of the Mackenzie ETFs' Independent Review Committee (IRC), fees under any derivative instrument used by the ETF, cost of complying with the regulatory requirement to produce summary documents, ETF facts or other similar disclosure documents, the costs of complying with governmental or regulatory requirements introduced after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, including, without limitation, any new fees or increases in fees, the fees related to external services that are not commonly charged in the Canadian exchange-traded fund industry after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, fees paid to external service providers associated with tax reclaims, refunds or the preparation of foreign tax reports on behalf of the ETFs, fees paid to external legal counsel and/or others in connection with corporate or other actions affecting the portfolio holdings of the ETF, and any applicable taxes, including income, withholding or other taxes and also including G.S.T. or H.S.T. on expenses.

Mackenzie may waive or absorb management fees and operating expenses at its discretion and stop waiving or absorbing such fees at any time without notice. Mackenzie may charge a reduced management fee rate with respect to investments in the ETF by large investors, including other funds managed by Mackenzie or affiliates of Mackenzie. An amount equal to the difference between the fee otherwise chargeable and the reduced fee will be distributed in cash to those unitholders by the ETF as a management fee distribution. Refer to Note 11 for the management fee rates charged to units of the ETF.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Units and Unit Transactions

Mackenzie, on behalf of the ETF, has entered into a designated broker agreement with one or more designated brokers pursuant to which the designated broker has agreed to perform certain duties relating to the ETF including, without limitation: (i) to subscribe for a sufficient number of units to satisfy the Exchange's original listing requirements; (ii) to subscribe for units on an ongoing basis in connection with any rebalancing event, as applicable, and when cash redemptions of units occur; and (iii) to post a liquid two-way market for the trading of units on the Exchange. In accordance with the designated broker agreement, Mackenzie may from time to time require the designated broker to subscribe for units of the ETF for cash.

The number of units issued/redeemed for subscription/redemption orders (the "Prescribed Number of Units") is determined by Mackenzie. On any trading day, a designated broker may place a subscription or redemption order for any multiple of the Prescribed Number of Units of the ETF based on the NAV per unit determined on the applicable trading day. A trading day is each day on which the Exchange is opened for business.

Generally, all orders to purchase units directly from an ETF must be placed by a designated broker or a dealer. The ETF reserves the absolute right to reject any subscription order placed by a designated broker or a dealer. No fees will be payable by the ETF to a designated broker or a dealer in connection with the issuance of units. On the issuance of units, an amount may be charged to a designated broker or a dealer to offset the expenses incurred in issuing the units.

For each Prescribed Number of Units issued, a dealer must deliver payment consisting of: (i) a basket of securities and cash equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; (ii) cash in an amount equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; or (iii) a combination of securities and cash, as determined by Mackenzie, in an amount sufficient so that the value of the securities and cash received is equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order.

8. ETF's Capital

The capital of the ETF is comprised of the net assets attributable to unitholders. The units outstanding for the ETF as at March 31, 2024 and 2023 and units issued, reinvested and redeemed for the periods are presented in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Mackenzie manages the capital of the ETF in accordance with the investment objectives as discussed in Note 11.

9. Financial Instruments Risk

i. Risk exposure and management

The ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, as defined in IFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* ("IFRS 7"). The ETF's exposure to financial risks is concentrated in its investments, which are presented in the Schedule of Investments, as at March 31, 2024, grouped by asset type, with geographic and sector information.

Mackenzie seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of financial risks on the ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by monitoring the ETF's positions and market events daily, by diversifying the investment portfolio within the constraints of the ETF's investment objectives, and where applicable, by using derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, Mackenzie also maintains a governance structure that oversees the ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's stated investment strategy, internal guidelines, and securities regulations.

ii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises when the ETF encounters difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they become due. The ETF is exposed to liquidity risk due to potential daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. In accordance with securities regulations, the ETF must maintain at least 85% of its assets in liquid investments (i.e., investments that can be readily sold). The ETF also has the ability to borrow up to 5% of its net assets for the purposes of funding redemptions and an additional 5% of its net assets for the purpose of funding distributions paid to its investors.

iii. Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated or exchanged in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, which is the ETF's functional currency, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. Generally, foreign denominated investments increase in value when the value of the Canadian dollar (relative to foreign currencies) falls. Conversely, when the value of the Canadian dollar rises relative to foreign currencies, the values of foreign denominated investments fall.

Note 11 indicates the foreign currencies, if applicable, to which the ETF had significant exposure, including both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments, and illustrates the potential impact, in Canadian dollar terms, to the ETF's net assets had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 5% relative to all foreign currencies, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to currency risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts including forward currency contracts. Other financial assets and liabilities (including dividends and interest receivable, and receivables/payables for investments sold/purchased) that are denominated in foreign currencies do not expose the ETF to significant currency risk.

iv. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments. The ETF is exposed to the risk that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Generally, these securities increase in value when interest rates fall and decrease in value when interest rates rise.

If significant, Note 11 summarizes the ETF's interest-bearing financial instruments by remaining term to maturity and illustrates the potential impact to the ETF's net assets had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, all other variables held constant. The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate changes was estimated using weighted average duration. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts. Cash and cash equivalents and other money market instruments are short term in nature and are not generally subject to significant amounts of interest rate risk.

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9. Financial Instruments Risk (cont'd)

v. Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. This risk is managed through a careful selection of investments and other financial instruments within the parameters of the investment strategies. Except for certain derivative contracts, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The maximum risk of loss on certain derivative contracts such as forwards, swaps, and futures contracts is equal to their notional values. In the case of written call (put) options and short futures contracts, the loss to the ETF continues to increase, theoretically without limit, as the fair value of the underlying interest increases (decreases). However, these instruments are generally used within the overall investment management process to manage the risk from the underlying investments and do not typically increase the overall risk of loss to the ETF. This risk is mitigated by ensuring that the ETF holds a combination of the underlying interest, cash cover and/or margin that is equal to or greater than the value of the derivative contract.

Other price risk typically arises from exposure to equity and commodity securities. If significant, Note 11 illustrates the potential increase or decrease in the ETF's net assets, had the prices on the respective exchanges for these securities increased or decreased by 10%, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to other price risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts.

vi. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the ETF. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to credit risk.

If presented, credit ratings and rating categories are based on ratings issued by a designated rating organization. Indirect exposure to credit risk may arise from fixed-income securities, such as bonds, held by underlying ETFs, if any. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer.

To minimize the possibility of settlement default, securities are exchanged for payment simultaneously, where market practices permit, through the facilities of a central depository and/or clearing agency where customary.

The carrying amount of investments and other assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure as at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. The ETF may enter into securities lending transactions with counterparties and it may also be exposed to credit risk from the counterparties to the derivative instruments it may use. Credit risk associated with these transactions is considered minimal as all counterparties have a rating equivalent to a designated rating organization's credit rating of not less than A-1 (low) on their short-term debt and of A on their long-term debt, as applicable.

vii. Underlying ETFs

The ETF may invest in underlying ETFs and may be indirectly exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk, other price risk and credit risk from fluctuations in the value of financial instruments held by the underlying ETFs. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to these risks from underlying ETF.

10. Other Information

Abbreviations

Foreign currencies, if any, are presented in these financial statements using the following abbreviated currency codes:

Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description
AUD	Australian dollars	HUF	Hungarian forint	PLN	Polish zloty
AED	United Arab Emirates Dirham	IDR	Indonesian rupiah	QAR	Qatar Rial
BRL	Brazilian real	ILS	Israeli shekel	RON	Romanian leu
CAD	Canadian dollars	INR	Indian rupee	RUB	Russian ruble
CHF	Swiss franc	JPY	Japanese yen	SAR	Saudi riyal
CZK	Czech koruna	KOR	South Korean won	SEK	Swedish krona
CLP	Chilean peso	MXN	Mexican peso	SGD	Singapore dollars
CNY	Chinese yuan	MYR	Malaysian ringgit	THB	Thailand baht
COP	Colombian peso	NGN	Nigerian naira	TRL	Turkish lira
DKK	Danish krone	NOK	Norwegian krona	USD	United States dollars
EGP	Egyptian pound	NTD	New Taiwan dollar	VND	Vietnamese dong
EUR	Euro	NZD	New Zealand dollars	ZAR	South African rand
GBP	United Kingdom pounds	PEN	Peruvian nuevo sol	ZMW	Zambian kwacha
GHS	Ghana Cedi	PHP	Philippine peso		
HKD	Hong Kong dollars	PKR	Pakistani rupee		

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11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a))

(a) ETF Formation and Series Information

Date of Formation: June 3, 2016

The ETF may issue an unlimited number of units. The number of issued and outstanding units is disclosed in the Statements of Changes in Financial Position.

CAD Units were listed on the TSX under the symbol MEU on September 7, 2016. The closing market price, or the midpoint of the bid and ask prices in the absence of a closing market price, at March 31, 2024 was \$22.39 (2023 – \$21.64).

The management fee rate for CAD Units is 0.50%.

As at March 31, 2024, the ETF's NAV per unit was \$22.39 (2023 – \$21.67) and its Net Assets per unit calculated in accordance with IFRS was \$22.39 (2023 – \$21.67).

(b) Tax Loss Carryforwards

Total Capital Loss \$	Total Non-Capital Loss \$	Expiration Date of Non-Capital Losses													
		2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043
1,622	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(c) Securities Lending

	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
Value of securities loaned	312		1,020	
Value of collateral received	330		1,089	
	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
Gross securities lending income	2	100.0	10	100.0
Tax withheld	-	-	(2)	(20.0)
	2	100.0	8	80.0
Payments to securities lending agent	-	-	(1)	(10.0)
Securities lending income	2	100.0	7	70.0

(d) Commissions

For the periods ended March 31, 2024, and 2023, commissions paid by the ETF did not generate any third-party services that were provided or paid for by brokers.

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments

i. Risk exposure and management

The ETF seeks to replicate, to the extent reasonably possible and before fees and expenses, the performance of the TOBAM Maximum Diversification Developed Europe Index, or any successor thereto. It invests primarily in equity securities of developed European markets.

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11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

ii. Currency risk

The tables below summarize the ETF's exposure to currency risk.

Currency	March 31, 2024				Impact on net assets			
	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	Net Exposure* (\$)	Strengthened by 5%		Weakened by 5%	
					(\$)	%	(\$)	%
EUR	3,236	2	–	3,238				
GBP	1,300	–	–	1,300				
CHF	1,015	2	–	1,017				
DKK	411	–	–	411				
USD	233	22	–	255				
SEK	254	–	–	254				
NOK	149	–	–	149				
Total	6,598	26	–	6,624				
% of Net Assets	98.2	0.4	–	98.6				
Total currency rate sensitivity					(331)	(4.9)	331	4.9

Currency	March 31, 2023				Impact on net assets			
	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	Net Exposure* (\$)	Strengthened by 5%		Weakened by 5%	
					(\$)	%	(\$)	%
EUR	5,316	6	–	5,322				
GBP	2,276	1	–	2,277				
CHF	1,707	3	–	1,710				
DKK	645	4	–	649				
SEK	361	–	–	361				
USD	224	33	–	257				
NOK	158	–	–	158				
Total	10,687	47	–	10,734				
% of Net Assets	98.6	0.4	–	99.0				
Total currency rate sensitivity					(537)	(5.0)	537	5.0

* Includes both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments

iii. Interest rate risk

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to interest rate risk.

iv. Other price risk

The table below summarizes the ETF's exposure to other price risk.

Impact on net assets	Increased by 10%		Decreased by 10%	
	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
March 31, 2024	660	9.8	(660)	(9.8)
March 31, 2023	1,069	9.9	(1,069)	(9.9)

v. Credit risk

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to credit risk.

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11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(f) Fair Value Classification

The table below summarizes the fair value of the ETF's financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy described in note 3.

	March 31, 2024				March 31, 2023			
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Equities	6,598	–	–	6,598	10,687	–	–	10,687
Total	6,598	–	–	6,598	10,687	–	–	10,687

The ETF's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

During the periods, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

(g) Investments by the Manager and Affiliates

The investments held by the Manager, other funds managed by the Manager, and funds managed by affiliates of the Manager were as follows:

	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	(\$)	(\$)
The Manager	–	–
Other funds managed by the Manager	–	1,859
Funds managed by affiliates of the Manager	–	–

(h) Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no amounts subject to offsetting.

(i) Interest in Unconsolidated Structured Entities

As at March 31, 2024 and 2023, the ETF had no investments in Underlying Funds.